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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/541,041	12/12/2005	Frederic W Strobel	1-36863	1972	
43935 FRASER CLE	7590 02/25/200 MENS MARTIN & MI	EXAM	EXAMINER		
28366 KENSINGTON LANE PERRYSBURG, OH 43551			LEE, GILBERT Y		
PERKTSBUR	G, OH 45551		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		3673			
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			02/25/2009	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

miller@fraser-ip.com sloan@fraser-ip.com clemens@fraser-ip.com

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.		Applicant(s)	
10/541,041		STROBEL ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	GILBERT Y. LEE	3673	

	GILBERT T. LEE	3673							
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress						
THE REPLY FILED 29 January 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.									
The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:									
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing	date of the final rejection.								
	b) 🛮 The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In								
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: if box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TW. MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).									
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of		36(a) and the appropriat	e extension fee						
have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailting date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL									
	iance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be t	filed within two months	s of the date of						
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filling the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(a)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).									
AMENDMENTS									
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, b			cause						
(a) They raise new issues that would require further cor		ΓE below);							
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below									
 (c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or 	er form for appeal by materially rec	ducing or simplifying ti	ne issues for						
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a c	orresponding number of finally reis	acted claims							
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number of finally reje	octod ciairris.							
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	1 See attached Notice of Non-Co	mnliant Amendment (PTOL-324)						
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		inpliant / inonamont (i	TOL OLT,						
Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendme non-allowable claim(s).									
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [will not be entered, or b) wil	I be entered and an ex	xplanation of						
how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov	ided below or appended.								
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:									
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:									
Claim(s) rejected:									
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:									
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE									
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 									
The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to or showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a						
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation	of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.						
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. The request for reconsideration has been consideration.	ered but does NOT place the applic	cation in condition for a	allowance						
because: See Continuation Sheet.									
12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)								
	13. Other:								
/Patricia L Engle/									
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3673									

Application No.

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: With regards to the applicant's argument of the foot actuator, the argument is not persuasive because the claims do not preclude the actuator from actuating other panels. With regards to the applicant's argument of the of the Adams reference, the argument is not persuasive because the Adams reference is not being used as a teaching for the motors. With regards to the applicant's argument of the Allen reference, the argument is not persuasive because the claim limitations only require that the foot deck section be in one of the first "end" and second "end" of the frame. The claim limitations to not require the foot deck section to be in the frame. With regards to the applicant's argument of the Brooke reference, the argument is not persuasive because it has been held that the test for obviousness is not whether the features of one reference may be bodily incorporated into the other to produce the claimed subject matter but simply what the combination of references makes obvious to one of ordinary skill in the pertinent art. In response to applicant's argument that Brooke does not include certain features of applicant's invention, the limitations on which the applicant relies (i.e., the side rails being connected via a single pivot point) are not stated in the claims. It is the claims that define the claimed invention, and it is claims, not specifications that are anticipated or unpatentable. With regards to the applicant's argument of the Spath reference, the argument is not persuasive because Spath clearly teaches a base frame for a trapeze having a pair of outwardly extending arms disposed on a frame, as rejected in the previous office action. In response to applicant's argument that Bartlett does not include certain features of applicant's invention, the limitations on which the applicant relies (i.e., the load cell being supported "in" a hollow cross member) are not stated in the claims. It is the claims that define the claimed invention, and it is claims, not specifications that are anticipated or unpatentable. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, it is obvious to combine the references in order to ensure easy adjustment and to ensure that the pins do not get lost during adjustment, as stated in the previous office action .